

Neanderthal

Neanderthal (sebutan bahasa Inggeris: /neɪˈændərtɑːl/, juga dengan /niː-/ dan /-θɔːl/), atau **Neandertal**, ialah anggota genus *Homo* yang telah pupus dan berasal dari zaman Pleistosen. Spesimennya ditemui di Eropah dan Asia Barat dan Tengah. Neanderthal dapat diklasifikan sebagai subspesies manusia (*Homo sapiens neanderthalensis*) atau spesies yang berlainan (*Homo neanderthalensis*).^[1] Jejak proto-Neanderthal pertama muncul di Eropah 600,000 sehingga 350,000 tahun yang lalu.^[2]

Rujukan

- Tattersall I, Schwartz JH (1999). "Hominids and hybrids: the place of Neanderthals in human evolution". *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **96** (13): 7117–9. doi:10.1073/pnas.96.13.7117 (<https://doi.org/10.1073%2Fpnas.96.13.7117>). PMID 10377375 (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/10377375>). "on the view that these distinctive hominids merit species recognition in their own right as **Homo neanderthalensis** (e.g., refs. 4 and 5), at least as many still regard them as no more than a strange variant of our own species, **Homo sapiens** (6, 7)" Available on-line (<http://www.pnas.org/cgi/content/full/96/13/7117>)
- J. L. Bischoff; dll. (2003). "The Sima de los Huesos Hominids Date to Beyond U/Th Equilibrium (>350 kyr) and Perhaps to 400–500 kyr: New Radiometric Dates". *J. Archaeol. Sci.* **30** (30): 275. doi:10.1006/jasc.2002.0834 (<https://doi.org/10.1006%2Fjasc.2002.0834>). Salah guna et al. dalam: |author= (bantuan)

Pautan luar

- Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology (<http://www.eva.mpg.de/>)
- Smithsonian (<http://www.mnh.si.edu/anthro/humanorigin/s/ha/neand.htm>)
- Archaeology Info (<http://www.archaeologyinfo.com/homoneanderthalensis.htm>)
- MNSU (<http://www.mnsu.edu/emuseum/biology/humanevolution/neanderthalensis.html>)
- "Humans and Neanderthals interbred" (<http://www.cosmosmagazine.com/node/814>): Modern humans contain a little bit of Neanderthal, according to a new theory,

Neanderthal

Julat zaman: **Pleistosen**



Tulang neanderthal terpacak, AMNH

Pengelasan saintifik

Alam: Animalia
 Filum: Chordata
 Kelas: Mamalia
 Order: Primates
 Keluarga: Hominidae
 Genus: *Homo*
 Spesies: ***H. neanderthalensis***

Nama binomial

Homo neanderthalensis

King, 1864

because the two interbred and became one species.
(*Cosmos* magazine, November 2006)

- BBC.co.uk (http://news.bbc.co.uk/hi/english/sci/tech/newsid_323000/323657.stm) - 'Neanderthals "mated with modern humans": A hybrid skeleton showing features of both Neanderthal and early modern humans has been discovered, challenging the theory that our ancestors drove Neanderthals to extinction', *BBC* (April 21, 1999)
 - BBC.co.uk (<http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/2884801.stm>) - 'Neanderthals "had hands like ours": The popular image of Neanderthals as clumsy, backward creatures has been dealt another blow', Helen Briggs, *BBC* (March 27, 2003)
- IndState.edu (<http://sapphire.indstate.edu/~ramanank/>) - 'Neanderthals: A Cyber Perspective', Kharlena María Ramanan, *Indiana State University* (1997)
- Krapina.com (http://www.krapina.com/neandertals/index_en.htm) - 'Krapina: The World's Largest Neanderthal Finding Site'
- Neanderthal.de (<http://www.neanderthal.de/>) - 'Neanderthal Museum'
- Neanderthal DNA (<http://www.isogg.org/neanderthaldna.htm>) - 'Neanderthal DNA' Includes Neanderthal mtDNA sequences
- The Cryptid Zoo (<http://www.newanimal.org/neandertals.htm>) - 'Neanderthals and Neanderthaloids in Cryptozoology' (modern sightings promoted by the pseudoscience of cryptozoology)
- UniZH.ch (<http://www.ifi.unizh.ch/staff/zolli/CAP/comparingNeand.htm>) - 'Comparing Neanderthals and modern humans: Neanderthals differ from anatomically modern *Homo sapiens* in a suite of cranial features' (cranio-facial reconstructions), Institut für Informatik der Universität Zürich
- WebShots.com (<http://community.webshots.com/photo/407833162/1409245320063963747UfDUTi>) - 'IMG_6922 The Neandertal foot prints' (photo of ~25K years old fossilized footprints discovered in 1970 on volcanic layers near Demirkopru Dam Reservoir, Manisa, Turkey)
- interactive database on the archaeology and anthropology of Neanderthals (<https://nespos-live01.pxpgroup.com/display/openspace/Home>)
- Did free trade cause the extinction of Neanderthals? (<http://www.newswise.com/p/articles/view/510666/>)
- Mitochondrial and nuclear DNA can show conflicting phylogenetic histories (<http://www.pnas.org/cgi/content/abstract/99/25/16122>)
- Neanderthal manufactured pitch (<http://ej.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/4/3/385>)
- *Homo neanderthalensis* reconstruction (http://anthro.amnh.org/anthropology/research/recon_wiki.htm) - Electronic articles published by the Division of Anthropology, American Museum of Natural History.
- CBS article on latest scientific speculation about Neanderthals in Gibraltar. (<http://web.archive.org/web/20060914110943/http://www.cbsnews.com/stories/2006/09/13/ap/tech/mainD8K43TS81.shtml>)
- Neanderthal bone gives DNA clues (<http://www.cnn.com/2006/TECH/science/11/15/neanderthal.ap/index.html>)
- Scientists decode Neanderthal genes (<http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/15732243/>)

Sinonim

*Palaeoanthropus
neanderthalensis
H. s. neanderthalensis*



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Wikispecies mempunyai maklumat berkaitan dengan **Neanderthal**

- Scientists Build 'Frankenstein' Neanderthal Skeleton (http://www.livescience.com/history/050310_neanderthal_reconstruction.html)
- A NEANDERTHAL'S DNA TALE (<http://cosmiclog.msnbc.msn.com/archive/2006/06/06/182.aspx>)
- 'Bone and Stone' (<http://www.boneandstone.com>) A digitally enhanced single frame philatelic exhibit dedicated to the Neanderthal.
- How Neanderthal molar teeth grew (<http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v444/n7120/abs/nature05314.html>)
- Mousterian Tools of Neanderthals From Europe - World Museum of Man (<http://worldmuseumofman.org/mousterianeuropeanartifacts1.htm>)
- The Way We Are (<http://www.aulis.com/twothirds2.htm>)
- Link to picture of the Neanderthal trace near Gediz River in Turkey (<http://www.panoramio.com/photo/322489>)
- Link to Cross-Eyed stereoview of Neanderthal fossil cast in Chicago Field Museum (<http://www.panoramio.com/photo/5579262>)

Templat:Arkeologi-stub

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